

The University of the State of New York  
The State Education Department



**OVERVIEW OF SCHOOL PERFORMANCE IN ENGLISH LANGUAGE  
ARTS, MATHEMATICS, AND SCIENCE**

**AND**

**ANALYSIS OF STUDENT SUBGROUP PERFORMANCE**

**for**

**Ellenville Middle School**

**in**

**Ellenville Central School District**

**March 2003**

# THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

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The *New York State School Report Card* is an important part of the Board of Regents effort to raise learning standards for all students. It provides information to the public on student performance and other measures of school and district performance. Knowledge gained from the school report card on a school's strengths and weaknesses can be used to improve instruction and services to students.

The *New York State School Report Card* consists of three parts: the *Overview of School Performance in English Language Arts, Mathematics, and Science and Analysis of Student Subgroup Performance*, the *Comprehensive Information Report*, and the *School Accountability Report*. The *Overview and Analysis* presents performance data on measures required by the federal No Child Left Behind Act: English, mathematics, science, and graduation rate. Performance data on other State assessments can be found in the *Comprehensive Information Report*. The *School Accountability Report* provides information as to whether a school is making adequate progress toward enabling all students to achieve proficiency in English and mathematics.

State assessments are designed to help ensure that all students reach high learning standards. They show whether students are getting the foundation knowledge they need to succeed at the elementary, middle, and commencement levels and beyond. The State requires that students who are not making appropriate progress toward the standards receive academic intervention services.

In the *Overview*, performance on the elementary- and middle-level assessments in English language arts and mathematics and on the middle-level science test is reported in terms of mean scores and the percentage of students scoring at each of the four levels. These levels indicate performance on the standards from seriously deficient to advanced proficiency. Performance on the elementary-level science test is reported in terms of mean scores and the percentage of students making appropriate progress. Regents examination scores are reported in four score ranges. Scores of 65 to 100 are passing; scores of 55 to 64 earn credit toward a local diploma (with the approval of the local board of education). Though each elementary- and middle-level assessment is administered to students in a specific grade, secondary-level assessments are taken by students when they complete the coursework for the core curriculum. Therefore, the performance of students at the secondary level is measured for a student cohort rather than a group of students at a particular grade level. Students are grouped in cohorts according to the year in which they first entered grade 9.

The assessment data in the *Overview and Analysis* are for all tested students in the school, including general-education students and students with disabilities. In the *Overview*, each school's performance is compared with that of schools similar in grade level, district resources, and student needs as indicated by income and limited English proficiency (LEP) status. Each district's performance is compared with that of all public schools statewide. In the *Analysis*, performance is disaggregated by race/ethnicity, disability status, gender, LEP status, income level, and migrant status.

Explanations of terms referred to or symbols used in this part of the school report card may be found in the glossary on the last page. Further information on the school report card may be found in the guide, *Understanding Your School Report Card 2003*, available at your school or on the Information and Reporting Services Web site at [www.emsc.nysed.gov/irts](http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/irts).

# Overview of School Performance in English Language Arts, Mathematics, and Science

## School Profile

Principal: Mr. Glenn Bollin		Phone: (845)647-0126	
<b>Organization 2001-02</b>		School Staff <sup>1</sup> (both full- and part-time)	
Grade Range	Student Enrollment	Count of Teachers	Count of Other Professionals
5-8	595	51	5

<b>2000-01 School District-wide Total Expenditure per Pupil</b>	\$14,121
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<b>Student Demographics Used To Determine Similar Schools Group</b>	1999-2000		2000-2001		2001-2002	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Limited English Proficient	14	2.2%	19	3.1%	33	5.5%
Eligible for Free Lunch	303	48.1%	215	34.7%	215	36.1%

<b>Similar Schools Group</b>	This school is in Similar Schools Group 30. All schools in this group are middle level schools in rural school districts with high student needs in relation to district resources. The schools in this group are in the higher range of student needs for middle level schools in these districts.
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### 2001-02 Percentage of Core Classes Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers\*

Number of Core Classes	Percent Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers
125	99%

\*For the 2001-02 school year only, teachers of core classes are considered to be highly qualified if they are certified to teach that subject.

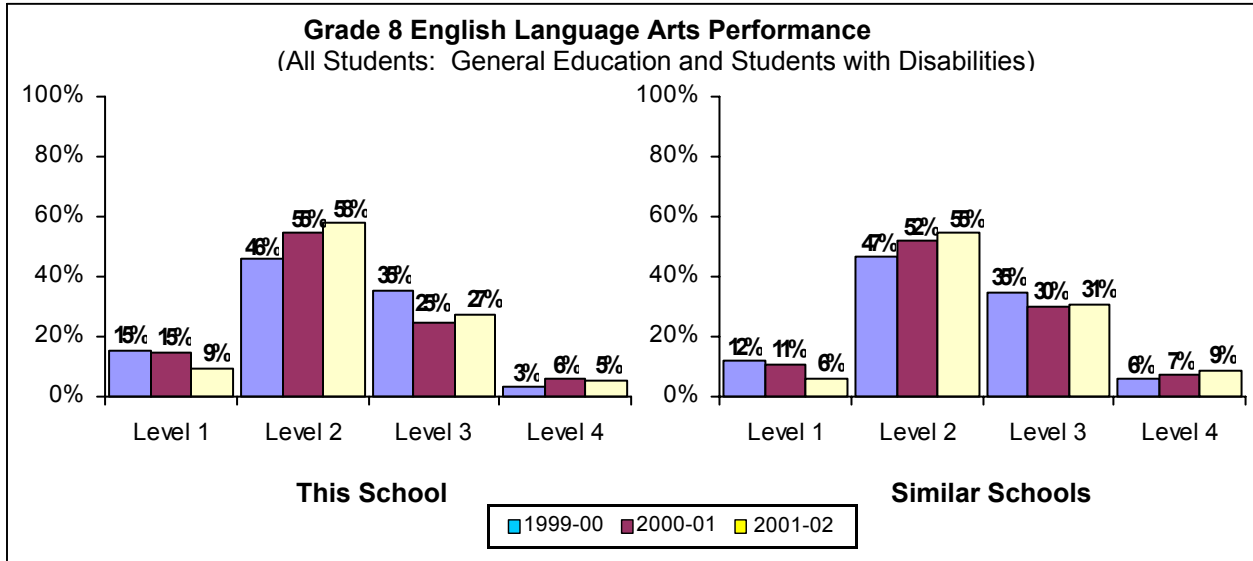
### 2001-02 Percentage of Teachers with No Valid Teaching Certificate\*

Number of Teachers	Percent No Valid Teaching Certificate
44	2%

\*This count includes teachers with temporary licenses who do not have a valid permanent or provisional teaching certificate.

<sup>1</sup> District-employed staff who serve in more than one school are not included in these counts.

## Middle Level English Language Arts



Performance at This School	Counts of Students Tested					Mean Score
	Level 1 527-661	Level 2 662-700	Level 3 701-738	Level 4 739-830	Total	
May 2000	24	72	55	5	156	691
May 2001	21	77	35	8	141	689
	Level 1 527-659	Level 2 660-698	Level 3 699-737	Level 4 738-830	Total	
March 2002	12	74	35	7	128	690

Middle-Level English Language Arts Levels – Listening, Reading, and Writing Standards	
<b>Level 4</b>	These students <b>exceed the standards</b> and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examination.
<b>Level 3</b>	These students <b>meet the standards</b> and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examination.
<b>Level 2</b>	These students <b>need extra help</b> to meet the standards and pass the Regents examination.
<b>Level 1</b>	These students have <b>serious academic deficiencies</b> .

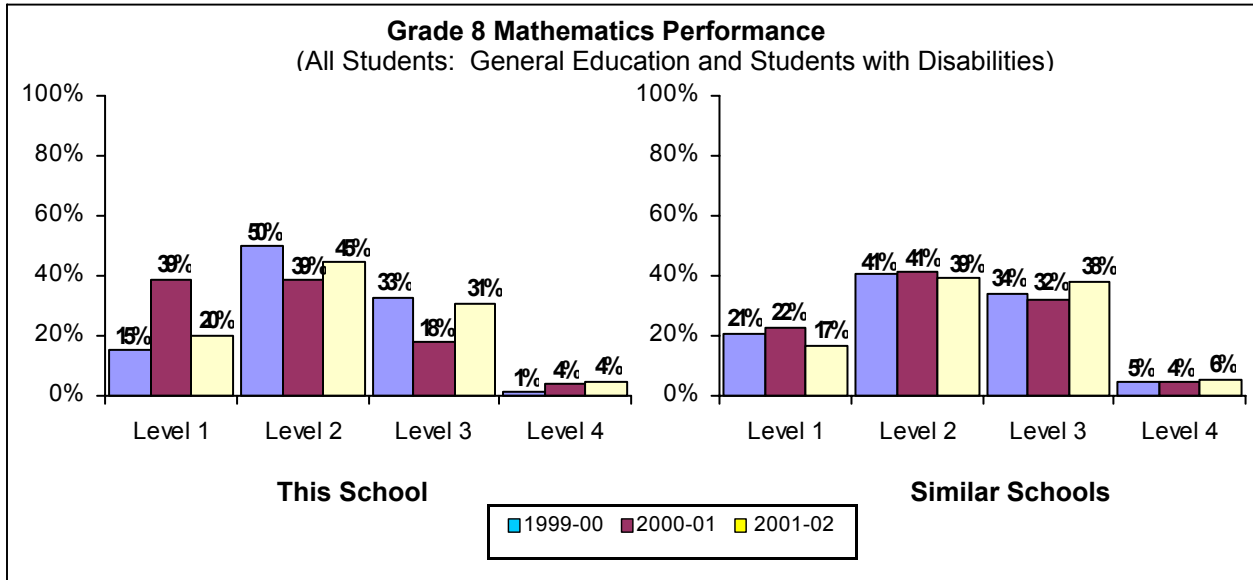
### Performance of Limited English Proficient (LEP) Students

Grade 8	English Proficiency Below Effective Participation Level	Making Appropriate Progress
2002	4	4

### Performance of Middle-Level Students with Severe Disabilities on the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA) in English

	Number Tested	AA-Level 1	AA-Level 2	AA-Level 3	AA-Level 4
<b>2001-02</b>	1	#	#	#	#

## Middle Level Mathematics



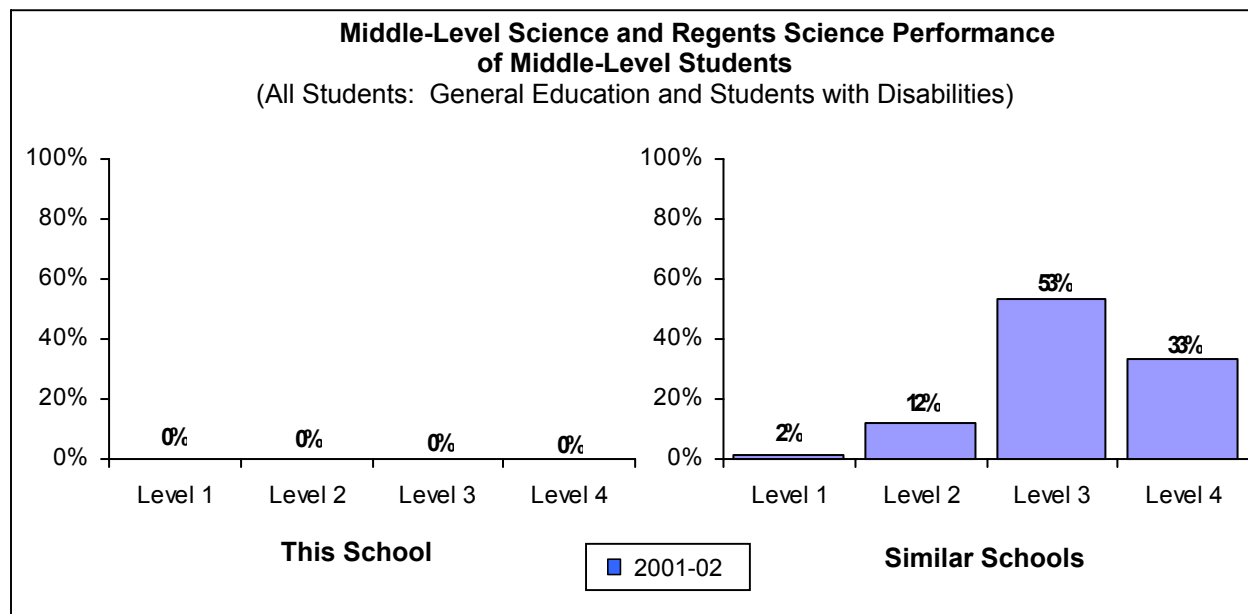
Performance at This School	Counts of Students Tested					Mean Score
	Level 1 517-680	Level 2 681-715	Level 3 716-759	Level 4 760-882	Total	
May 2000	24	78	51	2	155	703
May 2001	55	55	26	6	142	694
May 2002	27	60	41	6	134	705

Middle-Level Mathematics Levels – Knowledge, Reasoning, and Problem-Solving Standards	
<b>Level 4</b>	These students <b>exceed the standards</b> and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examination.
<b>Level 3</b>	These students <b>meet the standards</b> and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examination.
<b>Level 2</b>	These students <b>need extra help</b> to meet the standards and pass the Regents examination.
<b>Level 1</b>	These students have <b>serious academic deficiencies</b> .

### Performance of Middle-Level Students with Severe Disabilities on the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA) in Mathematics, Science, and Technology

	Number Tested	AA-Level 1	AA-Level 2	AA-Level 3	AA-Level 4
<b>2001-02</b>	1	#	#	#	#

## Middle Level Science



Performance at This School		Counts of Students Tested					Mean Score
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Total	
June 2002	Middle-Level Science	1	20	73	29	123	76
	Regents Science	#	#	#	#	2	#

Middle-Level Science Levels — Knowledge, Reasoning, and Problem-Solving Standards*	
<b>Level 4</b>	These students <b>exceed the standards</b> on the middle-level science test and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examinations <u>or</u> score 85–100 on a Regents science examination.
<b>Level 3</b>	These students <b>meet the standards</b> on the middle-level science test and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examinations <u>or</u> score 65–84 on a Regents science examination.
<b>Level 2</b>	These students <b>need extra help</b> to meet the standards for middle-level science and to pass the Regents examinations <u>or</u> score 55–64 on a Regents science examination.
<b>Level 1</b>	These students have <b>serious academic deficiencies</b> as evidenced in the middle-level science test <u>or</u> score 0–54 on a Regents science examination.

\*Students may demonstrate proficiency in middle-level science by scoring at level 3 or above on the middle-level science test or by scoring 65 or above on a Regents examination in science.

## **Analysis of Student Subgroup Performance**

Historically, on State assessments the average performance of Black, Hispanic, and Native American students has been lower than that of White and Asian students. Similarly, students from low-income families have not performed as well as those from higher income families. A high priority of the Board of Regents is to eliminate these gaps in student performance. In addition, Title I of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act includes explicit requirements “to ensure that students served by Title I are given the same opportunity to achieve to high standards and are held to the same high expectations as all students in each State.”

This section of the school report card provides performance data by racial/ethnic group, disability status, gender, English proficiency status, income level, and migrant status. The purpose of the student subgroup analyses is to determine if students who perform below the standards in any school tend to fall into particular groups, such as minority students, limited English proficient students, or economically disadvantaged students. If these analyses provide evidence that students in one of the groups achieve at a lower level than other students, the school and community should examine the reasons for this lower performance and make necessary changes in curriculum, instruction, and student support services to remedy these performance gaps.



## Middle Level English Language Arts

Student Subgroup	2000-01				2001-02			
	Tested	Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels			Tested	Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels		
		2-4	3-4	4		2-4	3-4	4
<b>Results by Race/Ethnicity</b>								
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0	0%	0%	0%	0	0%	0%	0%
Black	11	s	s	s	15	s	s	s
Hispanic	33	91%	21%	0%	25	92%	32%	4%
Asian or Pacific Islander	1	s	s	s	2	s	s	s
White	96	82%	35%	8%	86	92%	34%	6%
Total	141	85%	30%	6%	128	91%	33%	5%
Small Group Totals (s)	12	92%	17%	0%	17	82%	29%	6%
<b>Results by Disability Status</b>								
General-education students	126	87%	33%	6%	111	94%	37%	6%
Students with disabilities	15	67%	7%	0%	17	71%	6%	0%
Total	141	85%	30%	6%	128	91%	33%	5%
<b>Results by Gender</b>								
Female	79	89%	34%	10%	55	93%	42%	9%
Male	62	81%	26%	0%	73	89%	26%	3%
Total	141	85%	30%	6%	128	91%	33%	5%
<b>Results by English Proficiency Status</b>								
English proficient	141	85%	30%	6%	126	s	s	s
Limited English proficient	0	0%	0%	0%	2	s	s	s
Total	141	85%	30%	6%	128	91%	33%	5%
<b>Results by Income Level</b>								
Economically disadvantaged	60	82%	15%	0%	58	86%	21%	2%
Not disadvantaged	81	88%	42%	10%	70	94%	43%	9%
Total	141	85%	30%	6%	128	91%	33%	5%
<b>Results by Migrant Status</b>								
Migrant family	0	0%	0%	0%	0	0%	0%	0%
Not migrant family	141	85%	30%	6%	128	91%	33%	5%
Total	141	85%	30%	6%	128	91%	33%	5%

## Middle Level Mathematics

Student Subgroup	2000-01				2001-02			
	Tested	Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels			Tested	Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels		
		2-4	3-4	4		2-4	3-4	4
<b>Results by Race/Ethnicity</b>								
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0	0%	0%	0%	0	0%	0%	0%
Black	12	s	s	s	16	s	s	s
Hispanic	36	44%	3%	0%	31	74%	29%	6%
Asian or Pacific Islander	1	s	s	s	2	s	s	s
White	93	71%	31%	6%	85	84%	39%	5%
Total	142	61%	23%	4%	134	80%	35%	4%
Small Group Totals (s)	13	38%	15%	0%	18	72%	28%	0%
<b>Results by Disability Status</b>								
General-education students	129	65%	24%	5%	118	84%	40%	5%
Students with disabilities	13	23%	8%	0%	16	50%	0%	0%
Total	142	61%	23%	4%	134	80%	35%	4%
<b>Results by Gender</b>								
Female	82	60%	26%	5%	60	75%	42%	3%
Male	60	63%	18%	3%	74	84%	30%	5%
Total	142	61%	23%	4%	134	80%	35%	4%
<b>Results by English Proficiency Status</b>								
English proficient	140	s	s	s	128	80%	37%	5%
Limited English proficient	2	s	s	s	6	67%	0%	0%
Total	142	61%	23%	4%	134	80%	35%	4%
<b>Results by Income Level</b>								
Economically disadvantaged	61	52%	10%	2%	61	77%	25%	2%
Not disadvantaged	81	68%	32%	6%	73	82%	44%	7%
Total	142	61%	23%	4%	134	80%	35%	4%
<b>Results by Migrant Status</b>								
Migrant family	0	0%	0%	0%	0	0%	0%	0%
Not migrant family	142	61%	23%	4%	134	80%	35%	4%
Total	142	61%	23%	4%	134	80%	35%	4%

## Middle Level Science

Student Subgroup	2001-02			
	Tested	Percentages of Tested Students Scoring at Levels		
		2-4	3-4	4
<b>Results by Race/Ethnicity</b>				
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0	0%	0%	0%
Black	15	s	s	s
Hispanic	27	96%	78%	19%
Asian or Pacific Islander	2	s	s	s
White	79	100%	87%	28%
Total	123	99%	83%	24%
Small Group Totals (s)	17	100%	71%	12%
<b>Results by Disability Status</b>				
General-education students	111	100%	85%	26%
Students with disabilities	12	92%	67%	0%
Total	123	99%	83%	24%
<b>Results by Gender</b>				
Female	53	98%	79%	17%
Male	70	100%	86%	29%
Total	123	99%	83%	24%
<b>Results by English Proficiency Status</b>				
English proficient	118	99%	84%	25%
Limited English proficient	5	100%	60%	0%
Total	123	99%	83%	24%
<b>Results by Income Level</b>				
Economically disadvantaged	56	100%	80%	18%
Not disadvantaged	67	99%	85%	28%
Total	123	99%	83%	24%
<b>Results by Migrant Status</b>				
Migrant family	0	0%	0%	0%
Not migrant family	123	99%	83%	24%
Total	123	99%	83%	24%

## Glossary

**Cohort Data:** A student cohort is all students, regardless of grade status, who were enrolled in school on BEDS day two years after the year in which they entered grade 9, or, in the case of ungraded students with disabilities, the year in which they reached their seventeenth birthday. (For example, the 1998 cohort consists of all students who first entered grade 9 in the fall of 1998 who were enrolled on October 4, 2000). Certain severely disabled students, new immigrants, and students who transfer to programs leading to a high school diploma or high school equivalency diploma are not included in the school cohort. Cohort is defined in Section 100.2 (p) (8) (iii) of the Commissioner's Regulations. Data for the 1997 cohort are based on the Special Regents Examination Report for the 1997 Cohort. Data for the 1998 cohort are based on the 2002 STEP file submitted by each district.

**Component Retests:** Component retests were offered in Regents English and Mathematics A to graduating seniors who were at risk of not meeting the State learning Standards. Component retesting is the process by which a student who has failed a Regents examination in English or Mathematics A twice is retested only on the areas of the learning standards in which the student has been proven deficient. Component retesting eliminates the need for the student to retake the full Regents examination multiple times. Students who earn credit through component retesting are counted as if they scored in the 55–64 range or in the 65–84 range, as determined by the results of the component retest.

**Counts of Students Tested:** "Counts of Students Tested" includes only students who completed sufficient test questions to receive a score.

**Limited English Proficient (LEP) Students:** Schools teach English to students for whom English is a second language so they can participate effectively in the academic program. Students are considered LEP if, by reason of foreign birth or ancestry, they speak a language other than English and (1) either understand and speak little or no English or (2) score at or below the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile on an English language assessment instrument. LEP students without sufficient proficiency in English were not required to take the grade 4 or grade 8 English language arts test. Their reported progress in learning English was measured using standardized tests.

**New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA):** The district Committee on Special Education designates severely disabled students who meet criteria established in Commissioner's Regulations to take the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA).

**Similar Schools:** Similar schools are schools that are grouped by common district and student demographic characteristics, including grade range of students served by the school, school district financial resources, and needs of the school student population. More information about similar school groups may be found on the Web at <http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/repcrd2002/similar.html>.

**Student Confidentiality/Suppressed Data (# and s):** To ensure student confidentiality, the Department does *not* publish data for groups with fewer than five students or data that would allow readers to easily determine the performance of a group with fewer than five students. In the *Overview*, the pound character (#) appears when fewer than five students in a group were tested. In the *Analysis*, when fewer than five students in a group (e.g., Hispanic) were tested, percentages of tested students scoring at various levels were suppressed for that group and the next smallest group. Suppressed data are indicated with an (s). However, the performance of tested students in these groups is aggregated and shown in the Small Group Total row.

**Validity and Reliability of Small Group Data:** It is important that programmatic decisions are based on valid and reliable data. Data for fewer than 40 students in a group are neither valid nor reliable. If a school does not have 40 students in a grade or a subgroup in a given year, the school should evaluate results for students in this group over a period of years to make programmatic decisions.