### The University of the State of New York The State Education Department



# OVERVIEW OF SCHOOL PERFORMANCE IN ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS, MATHEMATICS, AND SCIENCE AND

#### ANALYSIS OF STUDENT SUBGROUP PERFORMANCE

for

Niagara Falls High School

in

Niagara Falls City School District

April 2006

#### THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

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The New York State School Report Card is an important part of the Board of Regents effort to raise learning standards for all students. It provides information to the public on student performance and other measures of school and district performance. Knowledge gained from the school report card on a school's strengths and weaknesses can be used to improve instruction and services to students.

The New York State School Report Card consists of three parts: the Overview of School Performance in English Language Arts, Mathematics, and Science and Analysis of Student Subgroup Performance, the Comprehensive Information Report, and the Accountability Status Report. The Overview and Analysis presents performance data on measures required by the federal No Child Left Behind Act: English, mathematics, science, and graduation rate. Performance data on other State assessments can be found in the Comprehensive Information Report. The Accountability Status Report provides information as to whether a school is making adequate progress toward enabling all students to achieve proficiency in English and mathematics.

State assessments are designed to help ensure that all students reach high learning standards. They show whether students are getting the foundation knowledge they need to succeed at the elementary, middle, and commencement levels and beyond. The State requires that students who are not making appropriate progress toward the standards receive academic intervention services.

In the *Overview*, performance on the elementary- and middle-level assessments in English language arts, mathematics, and science is reported in terms of mean scores and the percentage of students scoring at each of the four levels. These levels indicate performance on the standards from seriously deficient to advanced proficiency. Regents examination scores are reported in four score ranges. Scores of 65 to 100 are passing; scores of 55 to 64 earn credit toward a local diploma (with the approval of the local board of education). Though each elementary- and middle-level assessment is administered to students in a specific grade, secondary-level assessments are taken by students when they complete the coursework for the core curriculum. Therefore, the performance of students at the secondary level is measured for a student cohort rather than a group of students at a particular grade level. Students are grouped in cohorts according to the year in which they first entered grade 9.

The assessment data in the *Overview and Analysis* are for all tested students in the school, including general-education students and students with disabilities. In the *Overview*, each school's performance is compared with that of schools similar in grade level, district resources, and student needs as indicated by income and limited English proficiency (LEP) status. Each district's performance is compared with that of all public schools statewide. In the *Analysis*, performance is disaggregated by race/ethnicity, disability status, gender, LEP status, income level, and migrant status.

Explanations of terms referred to or symbols used in this part of the school report card may be found in the glossary on the last page. Further information on the school report card may be found in the guide, *Understanding Your School Report Card: April 2006*, available on the Information and Reporting Services Web site at www.emsc.nysed.gov/irts.

## Overview of School Performance in English Language Arts, Mathematics, and Science

#### School Profile

Principal: Mark Laurrie	Phone: (716)278-5800	
Organization	Grade Range	Student Enrollment
2004–05	9-12	2392

Similar
<b>Schools</b>
Group

This school is in Similar Schools Group 44. All schools in this group are secondary level schools in urban or suburban school districts with high student needs in relation to district resources. The schools in this group are in the middle range of student needs for secondary level schools in these districts.

#### 2004-05 Core Classes Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers\*

Total Number of Core Classes	Percent Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers
524	94%

<sup>\*</sup>To meet the federal definition of "highly qualified," public school teachers of core academic subjects must have at least a bachelor's degree and be State certified for and demonstrate subject matter competency in the core academic subject(s) they teach.

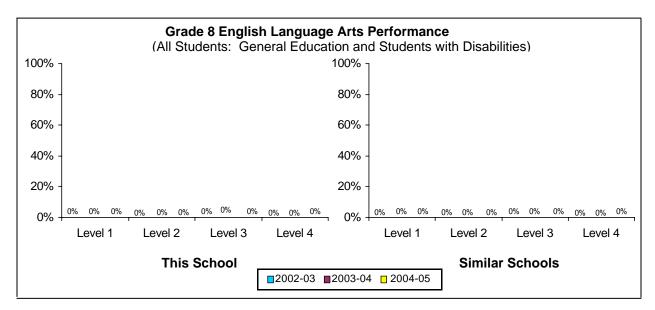
#### 2004-05 Teachers with No Valid Teaching Certificate\*

Total Number of Teachers	Percent with No Valid Teaching Certificate
151	2%

<sup>\*</sup>Includes teachers with a modified temporary license.

#### Middle Level

#### **English Language Arts**



Percentages less than 0.51 will appear as zero because of rounding.

Doufoussones et		(	Counts of Student	s		
Performance at This School	Level 1 527–657	Level 2 658–696	Level 3 697–736	Level 4 737–830	Total Tested	Mean Score
January 2003	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2004	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2005	0	0	0	0	0	0

Middle-Level English Language Arts Levels — Listening, Reading, and Writing Standards				
Level 4	These students <b>exceed the standards</b> and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examination.			
Level 3	These students meet the standards and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examination.			
Level 2	Level 2 These students need extra help to meet the standards and pass the Regents examination.			
Level 1 These students have serious academic deficiencies.				

Performance of Limited English Proficient Students Taking the New York State English as a Second Language Achievement Test (NYSESLAT) as the Measure of English Language Arts Achievement

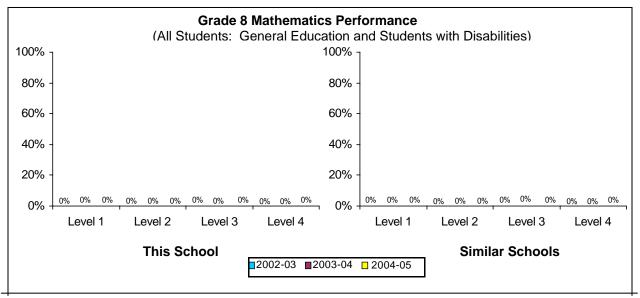
Grade 8	Level 1	Level 2	Levels 3 & 4	Total Tested
2005	0	0	0	0

Performance of Students with Severe Disabilities on the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA) in English

Middle Level	AA-Level 1	AA-Level 2	AA-Level 3	AA-Level 4	Total Tested
2004–05	0	0	0	8	8

#### Middle Level

#### **Mathematics**



Percentages less than 0.51 will appear as zero because of rounding.

Doufour on an at	Counts of Students					
Performance at This School	Level 1 517–680	Level 2 681–715	Level 3 716–759	Level 4 760–882	Total Tested	Mean Score
May 2003	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2004	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2005	0	0	0	0	0	0

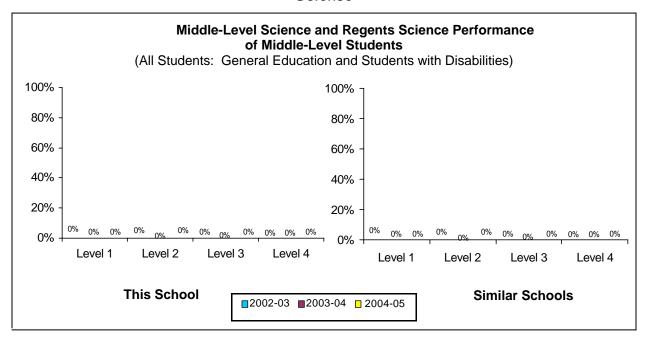
Middle-L	Middle-Level Mathematics Levels — Knowledge, Reasoning, and Problem-Solving Standards			
Level 4	These students <b>exceed the standards</b> and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examination.			
Level 3	These students meet the standards and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examination.			
Level 2	These students <b>need extra help</b> to meet the standards and pass the Regents examination.			
Level 1	Level 1 These students have serious academic deficiencies.			

## Performance of Students with Severe Disabilities on the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA) in Mathematics

Middle Level	AA-Level 1	AA-Level 2	AA-Level 3	AA-Level 4	Total Tested
2004–05	0	0	1	7	8

#### Middle Level

Science



Percentages less than 0.51 will appear as zero because of rounding.

Performance at This School			Mean Score				
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Total Tested	Weall Score
January/	Middle-Level Science	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2003	Regents Science	0	0	0	0	0	0
January/	Middle-Level Science	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2004	Regents Science	0	0	0	0	0	0
January/	Middle-Level Science	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2005	Regents Science	0	0	0	0	0	0

Middle-L	Middle-Level Science Levels — Knowledge, Reasoning, and Problem-Solving Standards*								
Level 4	Level 4 These students exceed the standards on the middle-level science test and are moving toward high performance on the Regents examinations <u>or</u> score 85–100 on a Regents science examination.								
Level 3	These students <b>meet the standards</b> on the middle-level science test and, with continued steady growth, should pass the Regents examinations <u>or</u> score 65–84 on a Regents science examination.								
Level 2	These students <b>need extra help</b> to meet the standards for middle-level science and to pass the Regents examinations <u>or</u> score 55–64 on a Regents science examination.								
Level 1	These students have <b>serious academic deficiencies</b> as evidenced in the middle-level science test <u>or</u> score 0–54 on a Regents science examination.								

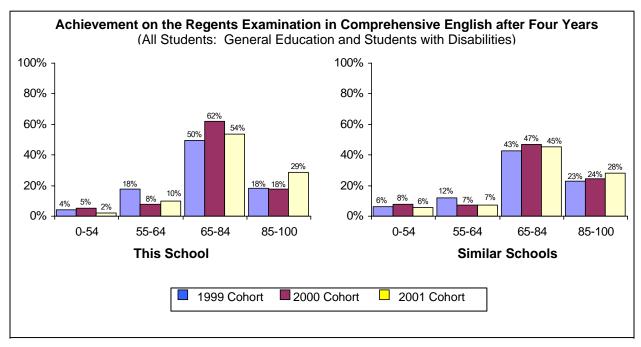
<sup>\*</sup>Students may demonstrate proficiency in middle-level science by scoring at Level 3 or above on the middle-level science test or by scoring 65 or above on a Regents examination in science.

## Performance of Students with Severe Disabilities on the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA) in Science

Middle Level	AA-Level 1	AA-Level 2	AA-Level 3	AA-Level 4	Total Tested
2004–05	0	0	0	8	8

#### High School English Achievement after Four Years of Instruction

The graphs and tables below present performance of the 1999, 2000, and 2001 school accountability cohort members, four years after entering grade 9, in meeting the graduation assessment requirement in English. In the graph, students passing approved alternatives to this examination are counted as scoring in the 65 to 84 range. RCT results are not included in the graph. The data in these tables and charts show the performance of the cohorts as of June 30<sup>th</sup> of the fourth year after first entering grade 9.



Percentages less than 0.51 will appear as zero because of rounding.

	English Graduation Requirement Achievement after Four Years of High School*											
	Cohort Members	inglication inglication inglication										
	All Students	Between 0 and 54	Between 55 and 64	Between 65 and 84	Between 85 and 100	Alternative Credit						
1999 Cohort	478	20	85	237	87	0						
2000 Cohort	456	23	36	283	81	0						
2001 Cohort	462	9	45	249	133	0						

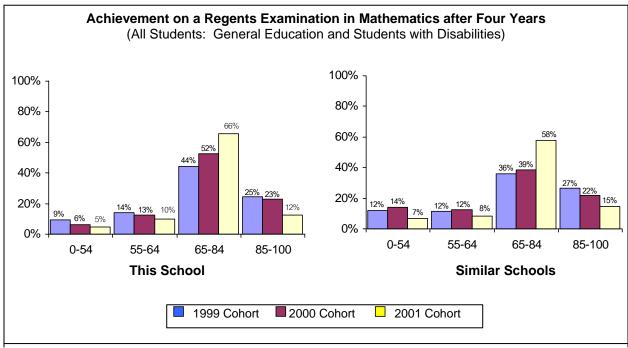
<sup>\*</sup>Assessments used to determine counts in this table include the Regents examination in comprehensive English, the component retest in English, and approved alternatives.

Performance of Students Who Took the Regents Competency Tests in Reading and Writing to Meet the Graduation Requirement*										
	Passed the RCTs Failed RCT in Reading and/or Writing									
1999 Cohort	9	11								
2000 Cohort	<b>2000 Cohort</b> 11 26									
2001 Cohort	15	9								

<sup>\*</sup>Includes only students eligible for the safety net who did not score 55 or higher on the Regents examination or an approved alternative.

#### High School Mathematics Achievement after Four Years of Instruction

The graphs and tables below present performance of the 1999, 2000, and 2001 school accountability cohort members, four years after entering grade 9, in meeting the graduation assessment requirement in mathematics. In the graph, students passing approved alternatives to these examinations are counted as scoring in the 65 to 84 range. RCT results are not included in the graph. The data in these tables and charts show the performance of the cohorts as of June 30<sup>th</sup> of the fourth year after first entering grade 9.



Percentages less than 0.51 will appear as zero because of rounding.

I	Mathematics Graduation Requirement Achievement after Four Years of High School*											
	Cohort Members   Highest Score   Highest Score   Highest Score											
	All Students	Between 0 and 54	Between 55 and 64	Between 65 and 84	Between 85 and 100	Alternative Credit						
1999 Cohort	478	44	67	212	118	0						
2000 Cohort	456	29	57	239	104	0						
2001 Cohort	462	21	45	304	57	0						

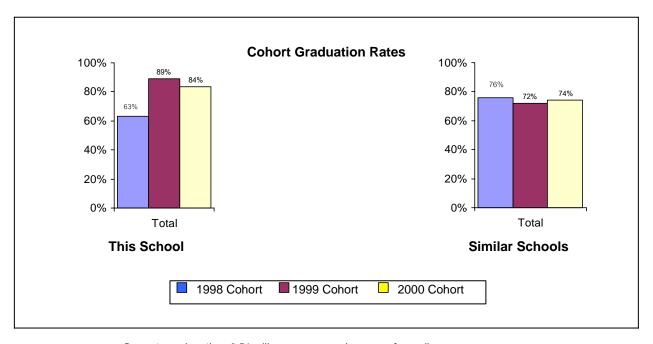
<sup>\*</sup>Assessments used to determine counts in this table include a Regents examination in mathematics, the component retest in mathematics and approved alternatives.

Performance of Students Who Took the Regents Competency Test in Mathematics to Meet the Graduation Requirement*										
	Passed the RCT Failed at Least One RCT									
1999 Cohort	24	1								
2000 Cohort	27 4									
2001 Cohort	29	8								

<sup>\*</sup>Includes only students eligible for the safety net who did not score 55 or higher on the Regents examination or an approved alternative.

#### **Cohort Graduation Rates**

Students were counted as graduates if they earned a local diploma with or without a Regents endorsement by August 31<sup>st</sup> of the fourth year after first entering grade 9. The graduation-rate cohort includes students who transferred to general education development (GED) programs. These students were not counted in the 1998, 1999, and 2000 school accountability cohorts for English and mathematics.



Percentages less than 0.51 will appear as zero because of rounding.

	Cohort Graduation Rates										
	Cohort Members* (a)	Transfers to GED (b)	Graduation Rate Cohort Members (a+b)	Number Graduated							
1998 Cohort	454	69	523	331							
1999 Cohort	396	1	397	354							
2000 Cohort	453	14	467	390							

<sup>\*</sup>Count as of August 31st of the fourth year after first entering grade 9.

#### **Analysis of Student Subgroup Performance**

Historically, on State assessments the average performance of Black, Hispanic, and Native American students has been lower than that of White and Asian students. Similarly, students from low-income families have not performed as well as those from higher income families. A high priority of the Board of Regents is to eliminate these gaps in student performance. In addition, Title I of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act includes explicit requirements "to ensure that students served by Title I are given the same opportunity to achieve to high standards and are held to the same high expectations as all students in each State."

This section of the school report card provides performance data for two years by racial/ethnic group, disability status, gender, English proficiency status, income level, and migrant status. The purpose of the student subgroup analyses is to determine if students who perform below the standards in any school tend to fall into particular groups, such as minority students, limited English proficient students, or economically disadvantaged students. If these analyses provide evidence that students in one of the groups achieve at a lower level than other students, the school and community should examine the reasons for this lower performance and make necessary changes in curriculum, instruction, and student support services to remedy these performance gaps. If your school did not report data for the 2004–05 school year for a subject and grade, a table showing data for subgroups in that subject and grade will not be included in the *Analysis*.

#### 2000 and 2001 High School Cohorts

General-education students who first entered ninth grade in 2000 or 2001 must score 55 or higher on Regents English and mathematics examinations to graduate. During the phase-in of the Regents examination graduation requirements, all students (with district board of education approval) may qualify for a local diploma by earning a score of 55–64 on the required Regents examinations; a score of 65 or higher is required for a Regents diploma. Students with disabilities and certain students with a Section 504 Accommodation Plan may qualify for a local diploma by passing Regents competency tests. The data in these tables show the performance of the cohorts as of June 30<sup>th</sup> of the fourth year after first entering grade 9.

Performance on the English Assessment Requirement for Graduation after Four Years of High School

	2000 Cohort					2001 Cohort				
Student Subgroup			by Sco	udents re	Percent Meeting	Students	Count of Students by Score			Percent Meeting
	Students in Cohort	Reg	ents 65-	Pass-	Gradu- ation	in	Reg 55-	ents 65-	Pass- ed	Gradua- tion
		64	100	RCTs	Require- ment	Conort	64	100	RCTs	Require- ment
Results by Race/Ethnicity										
American Indian/Alaskan Native	12	1	11	0	100%	13	2	9	1	92%
Black	98	13	60	5	80%	124	19	88	9	94%
Hispanic	7	S	S	S	S	12	0	11	1	100%
Asian or Pacific Islander	4	S	S	S	s	7	1	5	0	86%
White	335	22	287	6	94%	306	23	269	4	97%
Total	456	36	364	11	90%	462	45	382	15	96%
Small Group Totals (s)	11	0	6	0	55%	0	0	0	0	0%
Results by Disability Status										
General-education students	404	33	353	3	96%	394	34	353	0	98%
Students with disabilities	52	3	11	8	42%	68	11	29	15	81%
Total	456	36	364	11	90%	462	45	382	15	96%
Results by Gender										
Female	239	22	189	6	91%	235	21	203	5	97%
Male	217	14	175	5	89%	227	24	179	10	94%
Total	456	36	364	11	90%	462	45	382	15	96%
Results by English Proficiency	/ Status									
English proficient	456	36	364	11	90%	461	S	s	s	S
Limited English proficient	0	0	0	0	0%	1	S	S	S	S
Total	456	36	364	11	90%	462	45	382	15	96%
Results by Income Level										
Economically disadvantaged	131	8	91	5	79%	157	19	115	11	92%
Not disadvantaged	325	28	273	6	94%	305	26	267	4	97%
Total	456	36	364	11	90%	462	45	382	15	96%
Results by Migrant Status										
Migrant family	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0%
Not migrant family	456	36	364	11	90%	462	45	382	15	96%
Total	456	36	364	11	90%	462	45	382	15	96%

## Performance on the Mathematics Assessment Requirement for Graduation after Four Years of High School

		20	000 Col		TCui 3 Oi	2001 Cohort				
		Cour	nt of St	udents	Percent		Count of Students			Percent
	Students by Score		Meeting	Students		by Scor	e	Meeting		
Student Subgroup	in	Reg	ents	Pass-	Gradu-	in	Reg	ents	Pass-	Gradua-
	Cohort	55-	65–	ed	ation	Cohort	55-	65-	ed	tion
		64	100	RCTs	Require-		64	100	RCTs	Require-
Results by Race/Ethnicity					ment			1		ment
American Indian/Alaskan Native	12	2	9	0	92%	13	1	9	2	92%
Black	98	22	54	13	91%	124	17	80	15	90%
Hispanic	7	S	S S	S	9170 S	124	2	9	1	100%
Asian or Pacific Islander	4	S	S	S	S	7	1	6	0	100%
White	335	32	274	13	95%	306	24	257	11	95%
Total	456	57	343	27	94%	462	45	361	29	94%
Small Group Totals (s)	11	1	6	1	73%	0	0	0	0	0%
Results by Disability Status	- ''	<u> </u>	U		1070	U	U		U	070
General-education students	404	53	335	6	98%	394	36	342	2	96%
Students with disabilities	52	4	8	21	63%	68	9	19	27	81%
Total	456	57	343	27	94%	462	45	361	29	94%
Results by Gender					0.170					
Female	239	32	180	13	94%	235	24	184	13	94%
Male	217	25	163	14	93%	227	21	177	16	94%
Total	456	57	343	27	94%	462	45	361	29	94%
Results by English Proficiency	Status					l .			l .	
English proficient	456	57	343	27	94%	461	S	s	S	S
Limited English proficient	0	0	0	0	0%	1	s	S	S	S
Total	456	57	343	27	94%	462	45	361	29	94%
Results by Income Level										
Economically disadvantaged	131	21	81	12	87%	157	21	101	22	92%
Not disadvantaged	325	36	262	15	96%	305	24	260	7	95%
Total	456	57	343	27	94%	462	45	361	29	94%
Results by Migrant Status										
Migrant family	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0%
Not migrant family	456	57	343	27	94%	462	45	361	29	94%
Total	456	57	343	27	94%	462	45	361	29	94%

#### **Cohort Graduation Rates**

Students were counted as graduates if they earned a local diploma with or without a Regents endorsement by August 31<sup>st</sup> of the fourth year after first entering grade 9. The graduation-rate cohort includes students who transferred to general education development (GED) programs. These students were not counted in the district accountability cohort for English and mathematics.

	1999 Coh	ort as of	2000 Coh	ort as of	
	August	31, 2003	August :	31, 2004	
Student Subgroup	Graduation Rate Cohort	Graduation Rate	Graduation Rate Cohort	Graduation Rate	
Results by Race/Ethnicity					
American Indian/Alaskan Native	15	80%	14	86%	
Black	87	78%	100	70%	
Hispanic	7	100%	5	80%	
Asian or Pacific Islander	8	100%	5	60%	
White	280	93%	343	88%	
Total	397	89%	467	84%	
Small Group Totals (s)	0	0%	0	0%	
Results by Disability Status					
General-education students	353	96%	416	88%	
Students with disabilities	44	36%	51	43%	
Total	397	89%	467	84%	
Results by Gender					
Female	205	90%	245	84%	
Male	192	89%	222	83%	
Total	397	89%	467	84%	
Results by English Proficiency S	tatus				
English proficient	396	S	467	84%	
Limited English proficient	1	S	0	0%	
Total	397	89%	467	84%	
Results by Income Level					
Economically disadvantaged	117	82%	114	81%	
Not disadvantaged	280	92%	353	84%	
Total	397	89%	467	84%	
Results by Migrant Status					
Migrant family	0	0%	0	0%	
Not migrant family	397	89%	467	84%	
Total	397	89%	467	84%	

#### Glossary

Accountability Cohort: An accountability cohort is all students, regardless of grade status, who were enrolled in school on BEDS day two years after the year in which they first entered grade 9, or, in the case of ungraded students with disabilities, the year in which they reached their seventeenth birthday. (For example, the 2001 accountability cohort consists of all students who first entered grade 9 in the fall of 2001 who were enrolled on October 8, 2003). Certain students are not included in the school accountability cohort. Cohort is defined in Section 100.2 (p) (16) of the Commissioner's Regulations.

Component Retests: Component retests were offered in Regents English and Mathematics A to certain students who were at risk of not meeting the State learning standards. Component retesting is the process by which a student who has failed a Regents examination in English or Mathematics A twice is retested only on the areas of the learning standards in which the student has been proven deficient. Component retesting eliminates the need for the student to retake the full Regents examination multiple times. Students who earn credit through component retesting are counted as if they scored in the 55–64 range or in the 65–84 range on the Regents examination, as determined by the component retest results.

**Counts of Students Tested:** "Counts of Students Tested" includes only students who completed sufficient test questions to receive a score.

**Graduation-Rate Cohort:** Graduation-rate cohort for each year includes all students in the accountability cohort in the previous year plus all students excluded from that accountability cohort solely because they transferred to a general education development (GED) program.

Limited English Proficient (LEP) Students: Schools provide special English instruction to students for whom English is a second language so they can participate effectively in the academic program. Beginning in 2003–04, students are considered LEP if, by reason of foreign birth or ancestry, they speak a language other than English and (1) either understand and speak little or no English or (2) score below a state-designated level of proficiency on the Language Assessment Battery-Revised (LAB-R) or the New York State English as a Second Language Achievement Test (NYSESLAT). The United States Department of Education has approved the use of the NYSESLAT as the required measure of language arts proficiency for LEP students in grades 4 and 8 who have attended school in the United States (not including Puerto Rico) for fewer than three consecutive years and for LEP students who have attended for four or five years and have received an exemption from the general assessment requirement.

**New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA):** The district Committee on Special Education designates students with severe cognitive disabilities who meet criteria established in Commissioner's Regulations to take the New York State Alternate Assessment (NYSAA).

**Student Confidentiality/Suppressed Data (# and s):** To ensure student confidentiality, the Department does <u>not</u> publish data for groups with fewer than five students or data that would allow readers to easily determine the performance of a group with fewer than five students. In the *Overview*, the pound character (#) appears when fewer than five students in a group were tested. In the *Analysis*, when fewer than five students in a group (e.g., Hispanic) were tested, percentages of tested students scoring at various levels are suppressed for that group and the next smallest group. Suppressed data are indicated with an **(s)**. However, the performance of tested students in these groups is aggregated and shown in the Small Group Total row.

**Validity and Reliability of Small Group Data**: It is important that programmatic decisions are based on valid and reliable data. Data for fewer than 30 students in a group may be neither valid nor reliable. If a school does not have 30 students in a grade or a subgroup in a given year, the school should evaluate results for students in this group over a period of years to make programmatic decisions.